F-3-107 Braddock Lutheran Chapel Frederick vicinity Private

1907

The Braddock Lutheran Chapel was built in 1907 on the Old National Pike in the village of Braddock about 1/4 mile east of its current site. It was moved to this location in 1974 in order to provide more parking and safer access. The church is a one-story frame hall-type building with a projecting, attached bell tower on the east gable end with a double-doored entrance. The exterior asbestos shingle siding probably covers german siding and the standing seam metal roof may conceal wood shingles. The north and south elevations have Gothic-arched windows and the doorway also has a Gothic arch transom. The new foundation contains a Sunday School in the basement. The open belfry and wood shingled steeple, the projecting bell tower, the overall plan, and the Gothic arched openings are all features common to rural vernacular churches in Frederick County in the period 1880-1920. Although the Braddock Lutheran Chapel has lost considerable integrity by being moved from its original site, these essential elements remain clearly expressed and the building still conveys a feeling of historical time and place.

F-3-107 Braddock Lutheran Chapel Frederick Frederick County

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont (Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, Montgomery Counties, and Baltimore City)

Chronological/Development Period: Industrial/Urban Dominance, A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Themes
Architecture, Landscape Architecture and Community Planning

Resource Types:

Category: Buildings

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function and Use:

Religion/religious structure/church

Known Design Source: None

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF

Maryland Historical Trust HISTORIC PROPERTIES State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. F-3-107

Magi No.

DOE __yes x no

1. Nam	e (indicate pro	eferred name)		
nistoric Brad	ldock Lutheran Chape	el		
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	6938 North Clif	ton Road	_	not for publication
city, town F	rederick	x vicinity of	congressional district	6th
state Mary	yland	county	Frederick	
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not_applicable	Status X occupied Unoccupied Work in progress Accessible Yes: restricted Yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence X religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty (give names a	nd mailing addresse	s of <u>all</u> owners)
n ame Brac	dock Lutheran Chape	el		
street & number	6938 N. Clifton F	Road	telephone no	·:
city, town Fre	ederick	state	and zip code Md.	21702
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Description	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Fre	ederick County Court	thouse	liber 936
street & number	100 W. Patrick S	Street		folio 589
city, town	Frederick		state	Md. 21701
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surv	eys
title				
date			federal stat	e county loca
pository for s	urvey records			-
city, town			state	
				

7. Description

Survey No. F-3-107

Condition excellent good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered x altered	Check one original sX moved	ite date of move	1974
X good	ruins		original s		1974

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

CONTRIBUTING RESOURCE COUNT: 1

The Braddock Lutheran Chapel is a one-story frame hall-type church with an attached bell tower built in 1907 on the Old National Pike in the village of Braddock about 1/4 mile east of the current location of the building, near Frederick, Frederick County, Maryland. The church was moved to the present location in 1974 to facilitate parking. Its present site is an open field overlooking the interchange of Interstate 70 and U.S. 40A (Old National Pike) to the southwest. Its immediate environment includes several recently built houses and at least one pre-1940 residence in a semi-rural setting. The church faces east and is flanked by a parking lot on the north.

The exterior of the church is covered with asbestos shingle siding, undoubtedly covering or replacing german siding, the most common siding used in the first decades of the 20th century for frame buildings. The new foundation is concrete and includes a basement Sunday School area accessible from the south elevation. The bell tower projects from the east elevation of the church and contains the Above the doors is a Gothic-arched transom with textured double-doored entrance. The belfry of the tower is open with a plain balustrade and a wood shingled steeple topped by a weathervane finial. The main roof is standing seam metal. The main part of the building has three bays on the north and south elevations fill with Gothic-arched windows flanked by louvred shutters. The windows are textured On the west elevation of the building is a projection which undoubtedly corresponds to a recess behind the altar and pulpit on the interior. At the southwest corner is a modern wood staircase leading from the building's main level to a playground southwest of the church. A concrete block chimney is also located At the southeast corner are two inscribed stones, one in near this corner. brownstone reading "Lutheran Chapel 1907" and the other a modern marble stone reading "Relocated 1974". The interior of the church was inaccessible for this survey.

	Survey No.	+-3-107
nce—Check and justify below historic community planning foric conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlements industry invention	J landscape architectu law literature military music	<pre>science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater</pre>
Builder/Architect		
Builder/Architect ABx CD		

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Applicable Exception: A B C D E F G

Level of Significance: __national __state x_local

The Braddock Lutheran Chapel is minimally significant for its vernacular architectural style of the early 20th century. The plan, materials, window and door styles, the attached bell tower and open belfry, and the shingled steeple are all characteristic of rural vernacular churches in Frederick County from the 1880's to The Braddock Lutheran Chapel was originally built on Old National Pike in the village of Braddock, replacing an earlier union chapel used by the Lutheran and Reformed congregations in the area. Williams and McKinsey's History of Frederick County of 1910 states that a Lutheran congregation was present in the village, called Fair View until about 1890, at least by 1844 when it united with Bethel and Rocky Springs to form a new charge. The 1907 building probably was built hen the Reformed Church either closed or merged with another group. The stone building currently used by the Braddock Grange may be the union church which was shared by the two groups. By the 1970's, road traffic on the Old National Pike had increased in volume so much that access and parking to the 1907 church were becoming The current site was purchased and the church was moved to the new location in 1974. Although the move decreased the integrity of the Braddock Chapel, it retains as much or more of its exterior appearance as many other rural churches which are in their original locations.

9. Major Bibliographical References Survey No. F-3-107 Frederick News-Post, Oct. 24, 1974. "Braddock Church Being Moved to New Location" Land Records of Frederick County Titus, C.O. Atlas of Frederick County, 1873 Williams, T.J.C., and Folger McKinsey. History of Frederick County, 1910. Reprinted Baltimore: Regional Publishing Co., 1979, p. 423. 10. Geographical Data

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The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

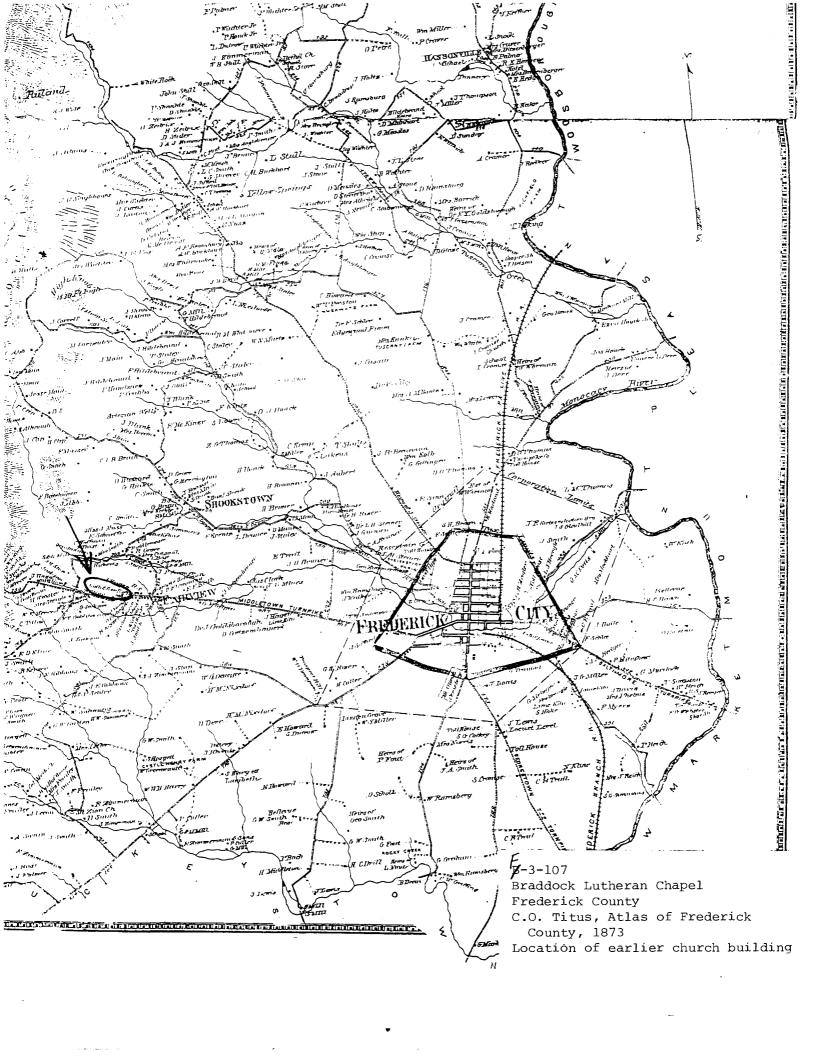
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Maryland Historical Trust Shaw House 21 State Circle

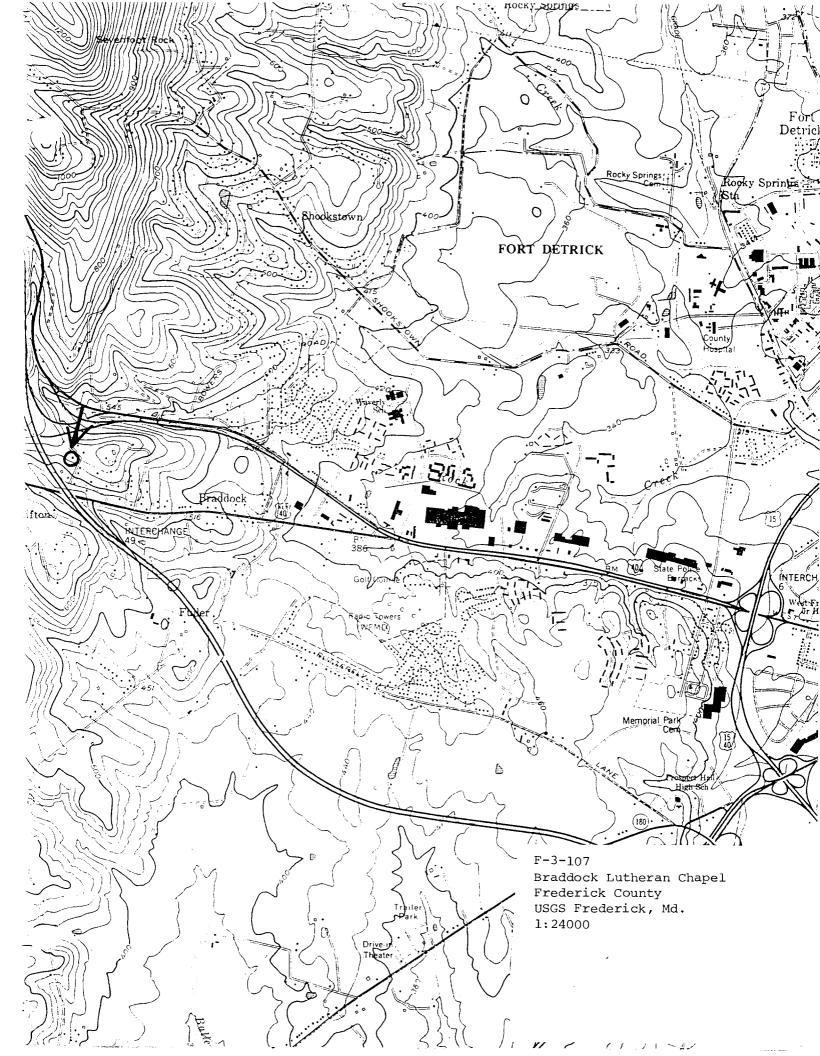
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

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MARYLAND FIDE DRICHLE TRUST DHCP/DHCE 100 COMMUNITY PLACE CROWNSVILLE AND 21032-2022



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F-2-107 Broddock Lutheron Church Frederick County Proto: Joret Davis Proemirer 1902 Nea. loc. Md. SHPO Crownsville, Md. East elevation



Eroddock Lutheran Church Frederick County Photo: Jonet Davis December 1992 Neg. loc. : Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md. Northwest corner wiew 2/2